Jupiter
Juno
Neptune
Vulcan
Mars
Apollo
Diana
Ceres
Venus
Minerva
Mercury
Bacchus
Cicero
<u>Vergil</u>
<u>voign</u>
<u>Hedonist</u>
<u>Epicurean</u>
Stoic
<u>Stole</u>

<u>Etruscan</u>		
Republic		
Romulus & Remus		
<u>Patrician</u>		
<u>Plebian</u>		
<u>Senate</u>		
<u>Tribunal</u>		
<u>Forum</u>		
Gladiator		
Carthage		
<u>Pompeii</u>		

Caesar	
Julius Caesar	
<u>Ius Civile</u>	
Marc Antony	
Marc Antony	
Augustus Caesar	
Pax Romana	

Aenead
Aqueduct
Roman Arch
Barrel Vault
<u>Dome</u>
<u>Oculus</u>
Garden of Livia
Ara Pacis
Augustus of Prima Porta
Frescoes at the Villa of mysteries
<u>Pantheon</u>
Coliseum

1. Where did "Romans" get their start? 2. What was always the greatest strength of Roman culture? 3. What was unique about Roman conquest? 4. What values were at the center of early Roman society? 5. Why did the Romans always seem to win? 6. What does Roman portraiture reflect about Roman culture? 7. Why did Rome move from Republic to empire? 8. Compare & contrast artistic value & purpose in Greece and Rome. 9. Why does art frequently do better in peace time? 10. What is the Aenead about? Who are its main characters?

11. What is meant by Augustus' "first among equals"?

12. What happened a	t Pompeii?
13. For modern school	lars, why is Pompeii so significant?
14. What were free-s	tanding arches frequently used for in Ancient Rome?